♣ Approved for Filing: R.H. Rees♣ 01-17-05 12:38 PM♣ 4

	COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL ZONING		
	REGARDING BILLBOARDS		
	2005 GENERAL SESSION		
	STATE OF UTAH		
	Sponsor: Michael G. Waddoups		
	LONG TITLE		
	General Description:		
	This bill modifies county and municipal land use development and management		
	provisions relating to billboards.		
	Highlighted Provisions:		
	This bill:		
	 prohibits counties and municipalities from allowing a nonconforming billboard to 		
be rebuilt or replaced by anyone other than its owner; $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\mathbf{and}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$			
	removes a limitation on the reasons for which counties and municipalities may		
	allow nonconforming billboards to be rebuilt $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\cdot]$; and		
	▶ provides that, under certain circumstances, a county or municipal permit for a		
	billboard remains valid for 180 days after a required state permit is issued. ←Ĥ		
	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:		
	None		
	Other Special Clauses:		
	None		
	Utah Code Sections Affected:		
	AMENDS:		
	10-9-408 , as last amended by Chapter 138, Laws of Utah 2004		
	17-27-407, as last amended by Chapter 138, Laws of Utah 2004		

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Section 1. Section 10-9-408 is amended to read:

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28	10-9-408. Nonconforming uses and structures.
29	(1) (a) Except as provided in this section, a nonconforming use or structure may be
30	continued.
31	(b) A nonconforming use may be extended through the same building, provided no
32	structural alteration of the building is proposed or made for the purpose of the extension.
33	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the addition of a solar energy device to a
34	building is not a structural alteration.
35	(2) The legislative body may provide in any zoning ordinance or amendment for:
36	(a) the establishment, restoration, reconstruction, extension, alteration, expansion, or
37	substitution of nonconforming uses upon the terms and conditions set forth in the zoning
38	ordinance;
39	(b) the termination of all nonconforming uses, except billboards, by providing a
40	formula establishing a reasonable time period during which the owner can recover or amortize
41	the amount of his investment in the nonconforming use, if any; and
42	(c) the termination of a billboard that is a nonconforming use by acquiring the billboard
43	and associated property rights through:
44	(i) gift;
45	(ii) purchase;
46	(iii) agreement;
47	(iv) exchange; or
48	(v) eminent domain.
49	(3) (a) A municipality is considered to have initiated the acquisition of a billboard
50	structure by eminent domain under Subsection (2)(c)(v) if the municipality prevents a billboard
51	owner from:
52	(i) rebuilding, maintaining, repairing, or restoring a billboard structure that is damaged
53	by casualty, an act of God, or vandalism; or
54	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), relocating or rebuilding a billboard
55	structure, or taking other measures, to correct a mistake in the placement or erection of a
56	billboard for which the municipality has issued a permit, if the proposed relocation, rebuilding,
57	or other measure is consistent with the intent of that permit.
58	(b) A municipality's denial of a billboard owner's request to relocate or rebuild a

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billboard structure, or to take other measures, in order to correct a mistake in the placement or erection of a billboard does not constitute the initiation of acquisition by eminent domain under Subsection (3)(a) if the mistake in placement or erection of the billboard is determined by clear and convincing evidence to have resulted from an intentionally false or misleading statement:

- (i) by the billboard applicant in the application; and
- (ii) regarding the placement or erection of the billboard.
- (4) Notwithstanding Subsections (2) and (3), a municipality may remove a billboard without providing compensation if:
 - (a) the municipality determines:
- (i) by clear and convincing evidence that the applicant for a permit intentionally made a false or misleading statement in the applicant's application regarding the placement or erection of the billboard; or
 - (ii) by substantial evidence that the billboard:
- 72 (A) is structurally unsafe;

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- (B) is in an unreasonable state of repair; or
- (C) has been abandoned for at least 12 months;
- 75 (b) the municipality notifies the owner in writing that the owner's billboard meets one 76 or more of the conditions listed in Subsections (4)(a)(i) and (ii);
 - (c) the owner fails to remedy the condition or conditions within:
 - (i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(c)(ii), 90 days following the billboard owner's receipt of written notice under Subsection (4)(b); or
 - (ii) if the condition forming the basis of the municipality's intention to remove the billboard is that it is structurally unsafe, ten business days, or a longer period if necessary because of a natural disaster, following the billboard owner's receipt of written notice under Subsection (4)(b); and
 - (d) following the expiration of the applicable period under Subsection (4)(c) and after providing the owner with reasonable notice of proceedings and an opportunity for a hearing, the municipality finds:
 - (i) by clear and convincing evidence, that the applicant for a permit intentionally made a false or misleading statement in the application regarding the placement or erection of the billboard; or

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90	(ii) by substantial evidence that the billboard is structurally unsafe, is in an
91	unreasonable state of repair, or has been abandoned for at least 12 months.
92	(5) A municipality may not allow a nonconforming billboard to be rebuilt [for a reason
93	other than: or replaced by anyone other than its owner $\hat{S} \rightarrow \text{or the owner acting through its}$
93a	<u>contractors</u> ←Ŝ <u>.</u>
94	[(a) those specified in Subsections (3) and (4);]
95	[(b) those provided in Title 72, Chapter 7, Part 5, Utah Outdoor Advertising Act; and]
96	[(c) those specified in the municipality's ordinance requiring or allowing a billboard
97	owner to relocate and rebuild an existing nonconforming billboard to an area within the
98	municipality where outdoor advertising is otherwise allowed under Title 72, Chapter 7, Part 5,
99	Utah Outdoor Advertising Act.]
99a	Ĥ→ (6) A permit issued, extended, or renewed by a municipality for a billboard
99b	remains valid for a period of 180 days after a required state permit is issued for the billboard
99c	<u>if:</u>
99d	(a) the billboard requires a state permit; and
99e	(b) an application for the state permit is filed within 30 days after the municipality
99f	issues, extends, or renews a permit for the billboard.
100	[(6)] $(7) \leftarrow \hat{H}$ A municipality may terminate the nonconforming status of school district
100a	property
101	when the property ceases to be used for school district purposes.
102	Section 2. Section 17-27-407 is amended to read:
103	17-27-407. Nonconforming uses and structures.
104	(1) (a) Except as provided in this section, a nonconforming use or structure may be
105	continued.
106	(b) A nonconforming use may be extended through the same building, provided no
107	structural alteration of the building is proposed or made for the purpose of the extension.
108	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the addition of a solar energy device to a
109	building is not a structural alteration.
110	(d) If any county acquires title to any property because of tax delinquency and the
111	property is not redeemed as provided by law, the future use of the property shall conform with
112	the existing provisions of the county ordinances equally applicable to other like properties
113	within the district in which the property acquired by the county is located.
114	(2) The legislative body may provide in any zoning ordinance or amendment for:
115	(a) the establishment, restoration, reconstruction, extension, alteration, expansion, or

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117	ordinance;
118	(b) the termination of all nonconforming uses, except billboards by providing a
119	formula establishing a reasonable time period during which the owner can recover or amortize
120	the amount of his investment in the nonconforming use, if any; and

substitution of nonconforming uses upon the terms and conditions set forth in the zoning

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121	(c) the termination of a billboard that is a nonconforming use by acquiring the billboard
122	and associated property rights through:
123	(i) gift;
124	(ii) purchase;
125	(iii) agreement;
126	(iv) exchange; or
127	(v) eminent domain.
128	(3) (a) A county is considered to have initiated the acquisition of a billboard structure
129	by eminent domain under Subsection (2)(c)(v) if the county prevents a billboard owner from:
130	(i) rebuilding, maintaining, repairing, or restoring a billboard structure that is damaged
131	by casualty, an act of God, or vandalism; or
132	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), relocating or rebuilding a billboard
133	structure, or taking other measures, to correct a mistake in the placement or erection of a
134	billboard for which the county has issued a permit, if the proposed relocation, rebuilding, or
135	other measure is consistent with the intent of that permit.
136	(b) A county's denial of a billboard owner's request to relocate or rebuild a billboard
137	structure, or to take other measures, in order to correct a mistake in the placement or erection of
138	a billboard does not constitute the initiation of acquisition by eminent domain under Subsection
139	(3)(a) if the mistake in placement or erection of the billboard is determined by clear and
140	convincing evidence to have resulted from an intentionally false or misleading statement:
141	(i) by the billboard applicant in the application; and
142	(ii) regarding the placement or erection of the billboard.
143	(4) Notwithstanding Subsections (2) and (3), a county may remove a billboard without
144	providing compensation if:
145	(a) the county determines:
146	(i) by clear and convincing evidence that the applicant for a permit intentionally made a
147	false or misleading statement in the applicant's application regarding the placement or erection
148	of the billboard; or
149	(ii) by substantial evidence that the billboard:
150	(A) is structurally unsafe;
151	(B) is in an unreasonable state of repair; or

152	(C) has been abandoned for at least 12 months;
153	(b) the county notifies the owner in writing that the owner's billboard meets one or
154	more of the conditions listed in Subsections (4)(a)(i) and (ii);
155	(c) the owner fails to remedy the condition or conditions within:
156	(i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(c)(ii), 90 days following the billboard owner's
157	receipt of written notice under Subsection (4)(b); or
158	(ii) if the condition forming the basis of the county's intention to remove the billboard
159	is that it is structurally unsafe, ten business days, or a longer period if necessary because of a
160	natural disaster, following the billboard owner's receipt of written notice under Subsection
161	(4)(b); and
162	(d) following the expiration of the applicable period under Subsection (4)(c) and after
163	providing the owner with reasonable notice of proceedings and an opportunity for a hearing,
164	the county finds:
165	(i) by clear and convincing evidence, that the applicant for a permit intentionally made
166	a false or misleading statement in the application regarding the placement or erection of the
167	billboard; or
168	(ii) by substantial evidence that the billboard is structurally unsafe, is in an
169	unreasonable state of repair, or has been abandoned for at least 12 months.
170	(5) A county may not allow a nonconforming billboard to be rebuilt [for a reason other
171	than: or replaced by anyone other than its owner $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \mathbf{or}$ the owner acting through its
171a	<u>contractors</u> ←Ĥ .
172	[(a) those specified in Subsections (3) and (4);]
173	[(b) those provided in Title 72, Chapter 7, Part 5, Utah Outdoor Advertising Act; and]
174	[(c) those specified in the county's ordinance requiring or allowing a billboard owner to
175	relocate and rebuild an existing nonconforming billboard to an area within the county where
176	outdoor advertising is otherwise allowed under Title 72, Chapter 7, Part 5, Utah Outdoor
177	Advertising Act.]
177a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow (6)$ A permit issued, extended, or renewed by a county for a billboard remains
177b	valid for a period of 180 days after a required state permit is issued for the billboard if:
177c	(a) the billboard requires a state permit; and
177d	(b) an application for the state permit is filed within 30 days after the county issues
177e	extends, or renews a permit for the billboard.
178	[(6)] $(7) \leftarrow \hat{H}$ A county may terminate the nonconforming status of school district
178a	property when

the property ceases to be used for school district purposes.

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Legislative Review Note as of 1-11-05 1:30 PM

Based on a limited legal review, this legislation has not been determined to have a high probability of being held unconstitutional.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

County and Municipal Zoning Regarding Billboards	24-Jan-05 8:58 AM
Impact	

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst